

<b>Intake</b>
<a href="#">Case ID</a>
<a href="#">Case Participant ID</a>
<a href="#">Received Date</a>
<a href="#">Offense Category</a>
<a href="#">Participant Status</a>
<a href="#">Age At Incident</a>
<a href="#">Race</a>
<a href="#">Gender</a>
<a href="#">Incident City</a>
<a href="#">Incident Begin Date</a>
<a href="#">Incident End Date</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Agency</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Unit</a>
<a href="#">Arrest Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Result</a>
<a href="#">Updated Offense Category</a>

<b>Initiation</b>
<a href="#">Case ID</a>
<a href="#">Case Participant ID</a>
<a href="#">Received Date</a>
<a href="#">Offense Category</a>
<a href="#">Primary Charge Flag</a>
<a href="#">Charge ID</a>
<a href="#">Charge Version ID</a>
<a href="#">Charge Offense Title</a>
<a href="#">Charge Count</a>
<a href="#">Chapter</a>
<a href="#">Act</a>
<a href="#">Section</a>
<a href="#">Class</a>
<a href="#">AOIC</a>
<a href="#">Event</a>
<a href="#">Event Date</a>
<a href="#">Finding No Probable Cause</a>
<a href="#">Arraignment Date</a>
<a href="#">Bond Date Initial</a>
<a href="#">Bond Date Current</a>
<a href="#">Bond Type Initial</a>
<a href="#">Bond Type Current</a>
<a href="#">Bond Amount Initial</a>
<a href="#">Bond Amount Current</a>
<a href="#">Bond Electronic Monitor Flag Initial</a>
<a href="#">Bond Electronic Monitor Flag Current</a>
<a href="#">Age At Incident</a>
<a href="#">Race</a>
<a href="#">Gender</a>
<a href="#">Incident City</a>
<a href="#">Incident Begin Date</a>
<a href="#">Incident End Date</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Agency</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Unit</a>
<a href="#">Arrest Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Result</a>
<a href="#">Updated Offense Category</a>

<b>Disposition</b>
<a href="#">Case ID</a>
<a href="#">Case Participant ID</a>
<a href="#">Received Date</a>
<a href="#">Offense Category</a>
<a href="#">Primary Charge Flag</a>
<a href="#">Charge ID</a>
<a href="#">Charge Version ID</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Offense Title</a>
<a href="#">Charge Count</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Date</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Chapter</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Act</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Section</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Class</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged AOIC</a>
<a href="#">Charge Disposition</a>
<a href="#">Charge Disposition Reason</a>
<a href="#">Judge</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Court Name</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Court Facility</a>
<a href="#">Age At Incident</a>
<a href="#">Race</a>
<a href="#">Gender</a>
<a href="#">Incident City</a>
<a href="#">Incident Begin Date</a>
<a href="#">Incident End Date</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Agency</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Unit</a>
<a href="#">Arrest Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Result</a>
<a href="#">Arraignment Date</a>
<a href="#">Updated Offense Category</a>

<b>Sentencing</b>
<a href="#">Case ID</a>
<a href="#">Case Participant ID</a>
<a href="#">Received Date</a>
<a href="#">Offense Category</a>
<a href="#">Primary Charge Flag</a>
<a href="#">Charge ID</a>
<a href="#">Charge Version ID</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Offense Title</a>
<a href="#">Charge Count</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Date</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Chapter</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Act</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Section</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged Class</a>
<a href="#">Disposition Charged AOIC</a>
<a href="#">Charge Disposition</a>
<a href="#">Charge Disposition Reason</a>
<a href="#">Sentence Judge</a>
<a href="#">Sentence Court Name</a>
<a href="#">Sentence Court Facility</a>
<a href="#">Sentence Phase</a>
<a href="#">Sentence Date</a>
<a href="#">Sentence Type</a>
<a href="#">Current Sentence Flag</a>
<a href="#">Commitment Type</a>
<a href="#">Commitment Term</a>
<a href="#">Commitment Unit</a>
<a href="#">Length of Case In Days</a>
<a href="#">Age At Incident</a>
<a href="#">Race</a>
<a href="#">Gender</a>
<a href="#">Incident City</a>
<a href="#">Incident Begin Date</a>
<a href="#">Incident End Date</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Agency</a>
<a href="#">Law Enforcement Unit</a>
<a href="#">Arrest Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Date</a>
<a href="#">Felony Review Result</a>
<a href="#">Arraignment Date</a>
<a href="#">Updated Offense Category</a>

<b>Diversion</b>
<a href="#">Case ID</a>
<a href="#">Case Participant ID</a>
<a href="#">Received Date</a>
<a href="#">Offense Category</a>
<a href="#">Diversion Program</a>
<a href="#">Referral Date</a>
<a href="#">Diversion Count</a>
<a href="#">Primary Charge Offense Title</a>
<a href="#">Statute</a>
<a href="#">Race</a>
<a href="#">Gender</a>
<a href="#">Diversion Result</a>
<a href="#">Diversion Closed Date</a>

Column by Dataset



## Data Glossary: All Columns, All Datasets

Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
<b>Act</b>	Legal act for the charge	Together, the columns <a href="#">Chapter</a> , <a href="#">Act</a> , and <a href="#">Section</a> reference the Illinois criminal statute. For more information: <a href="http://ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ChapterID=53&amp;ActID=1876">ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs3.asp?ChapterID=53&amp;ActID=1876</a>	Text	Initiation
<b>Age_At_Incident</b>	Age of defendant at date of incident, as recorded by law enforcement or self-reported by defendant		Number	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing; Diversion
<b>AOIC</b>	Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts ID for a charge's relevant statute		Text	Initiation
<b>Arraignment_Date</b>	Date of the arraignment	Before standing trial in criminal court, a defendant must be arraigned. Arraignment is a proceeding in open court where the formal charges are read against a defendant and the defendant enters a plea to the charges.	Date	Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Arrest_Date</b>	Date and time of arrest		Date	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Bond_Amount_Current</b>	Current/most recent bail amount		Number	Initiation
<b>Bond_Amount_Initial</b>	Initial bail amount set at bond court		Number	Initiation
<b>Bond_Date_Current</b>	Date bond set/updated		Date	Initiation
<b>Bond_Date_Initial</b>	Date bond set at bond court		Date	Initiation



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
<b>Bond_Electronic_Monitor_Flag_Current</b>	Current/most recent electronic monitoring status as a condition of bond	Electronic monitoring may be a condition of bond for those not held in jail pre-trial. The way our data is recorded may underreport electronic monitoring as a condition of bond.  <b>1:</b> Electronic monitoring required as condition of bond.  <b>Null:</b> No record of electronic monitoring found.	Number	Initiation
<b>Bond_Electronic_Monitor_Flag_Initial</b>	Initial electronic monitoring set as a condition of bond at bond court	Electronic monitoring may be a condition of bond for those not held in jail pre-trial. The way our data is recorded may underreport electronic monitoring as a condition of bond.  <b>1:</b> Electronic monitoring required as condition of bond.  <b>Null:</b> No record of electronic monitoring found.	Number	Initiation
<b>Bond_Type_Current</b>	Current/most recent bond type	<b>I-Bond: Individual bond.</b> The defendant pays nothing and is released on their own recognizance with the promise to return to court for each scheduled court date and comply with all conditions of bail imposed by the judge.  <b>D-Bond: Deposit bond.</b> The defendant must pay 10% of the bail amount set by a judge in order to secure release from custody.  <b>C-Bond: Cash bond.</b> The defendant must pay the full-face value of the bail amount ordered by a judge in order to secure release from custody.  <b>No Bond:</b> No bond issued, and the defendant remains in custody.  <b>Null:</b> No record of bond found	Text	Initiation
<b>Bond_Type_Initial</b>	Initial type set at bond court	See <a href="#">Bond Type Current</a>	Text	Initiation
<b>Case_ID</b>	Internal unique identifier for each case	<b>Note:</b> Hashed independently for every version released. Therefore, it is impossible to link two datasets released at different times.	Number	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions;



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
				Sentencing; Diversion
<b>Case_Participant_ID</b>	Internal unique identifier for each defendant associated with a case	<b>Note:</b> Hashed independently for every version released. Therefore, it is impossible to link two datasets released at different times	Number	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing; Diversion
<b>Chapter</b>	Legal Chapter for the charge	Together, the columns <b>Chapter</b> , <b>Act</b> , and <b>Section</b> reference the <a href="#">Illinois criminal statute</a> .	Text	Initiation
<b>Charge_Count</b>	Number of charges associated with one defendant in one case	Often, one defendant will have multiple charges on a case.	Number	Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Charge_Disposition</b>	Result of the charge	<p><b>(Most Common Values)</b></p> <p><b>BFW:</b> Bond Forfeiture Warrant is issued after a defendant does not appear in court and also does not appear at the subsequent bond forfeiture hearing. A week after a BFW is issued, the bond money will be taken by the state and a warrant of arrest will be issued for the defendant.</p> <p><b>Death Suggested-Cause Abated:</b> – If the defendant dies the criminal case, abates, or is dismissed.</p> <p><b>Finding Guilty:</b> Defendant found guilty by a judge in a bench trial.</p> <p><b>FNG:</b> Defendant found not guilty by a judge in a bench trial.</p> <p><b>FNPC:</b> Finding of no probable cause at a preliminary hearing.</p> <p><b>Nolle Prosecution:</b> The prosecutor has decided not to pursue this charge.</p>	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p><b>Null:</b> The disposition information is missing, or the case has not yet reached the disposition stage.</p> <p><b>Plea of Guilty:</b> Defendant pled guilty to the specific charge.</p> <p><b>SOL:</b> Stricken Off with Leave to Reinstate (SOL) is a legal term used in the state of Illinois. Illinois judges remove cases from the court's active list of cases for a particular reason without the State forfeiting the right to reinstate, or dismiss, the case at a later time. The State must move to reinstate the charges by filing a motion within 30 days.</p> <p><b>Verdict-Not Guilty:</b> Defendant found not guilty by jurors in a jury trial.</p> <p><b>Verdict Guilty:</b> Defendant found guilty by jurors in a jury trial.</p>		
<b>Charge_Disposition_Reason</b>	Additional information about the result of the charge	<p><b>Most Common Values:</b></p> <p><b>AONIC GJ:</b> Arresting officer not in court; case is not sent to the GJ for indictment</p> <p><b>Bond Forfeiture:</b> Bond forfeiture results when a court appearance is missed.</p> <p><b>Bond Forfeiture Vacated:</b> Bond forfeiture will often be reversed and the pledged amount, minus court costs, will be returned to the defendant if the defendant appears in court within a given period of time.</p> <p><b>Complaining Witness Not in Court:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of witness not in court.</p> <p><b>Most Common Values continued:</b></p> <p><b>Complaining Witness No Prosecution:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of witness not in court.</p>	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p><b>DDPP Graduate:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of defendant completing Drug Deferred Prosecution Program. (See <a href="#">Diversion Program</a> for details)</p> <p><b>Deferred Prosecution Program Completed:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of defendant completing Felony Deferred Prosecution Program. (See <a href="#">Diversion Program</a> for details)</p> <p><b>DGS Graduation:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of defendant completing Drug School. (See <a href="#">Diversion Program</a> for details)</p> <p><b>Drug Court Graduate:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of defendant completing Drug Treatment Court. (See <a href="#">Diversion Program</a> for details)</p> <p><b>INDICTMENT:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of original case was re-indicted and a new case was filed.</p> <p><b>Mental Health Graduate:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of defendant completing Mental Health Treatment Court. (See <a href="#">Diversion Program</a> for details)</p> <p><b>Motion to Quash Arrest &amp; Suppress Evidence/Sustained:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of motion to quash a warrant and suppress evidence filed.</p> <p><b>Negative Lab:</b> Negative drug test outcome (a common reason for Nolle Prosecution).</p> <p><b>Most Common Values continued:</b></p> <p><b>No Lab:</b> Narcotics were not tested within the statutory time period to indict a case – 30 days in custody defendant; 60 days on bond defendant – so resulted in nolle prosecution.</p>		



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p><b>Nolle – AONIC:</b> Nolle prosecution as a result of arresting officer not in court</p> <p><b>PG to Misdemeanor:</b> Plea guilty to misdemeanor charge(s).</p> <p><b>PG to Other Count/s:</b> Charge dropped because the defendant has pled guilty to other charges.</p> <p><b>Proceeding on Other Case/s:</b> As one person may be involved in multiple cases, this value indicates the situation where the relevant charge has been dropped because their other cases were proceeded.</p> <p><b>Proceeding on Other Count/s:</b> As one person may be faced with multiple charges in one case, this value indicates the situation where the relevant charge has been dropped because other charges were proceeded.</p> <p><b>RAP:</b> Rehabilitative Alternative Probation</p> <p><b>Re-Indictment:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of original case was re-indicted and a new case was filed.</p> <p><b>Sent to GJ:</b> Sent to grand jury for jury trial.</p> <p><b>TERM:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of statutes of limitation had expired.</p> <p><b>Most Common Values continued:</b></p>		



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p><b>Used in Aggravation:</b> The charges were used at a sentencing hearing to obtain a higher sentencing on a usually unrelated charge and as such the underlying charges result in nolle prosecution.</p> <p><b>Veteran's Court Graduate:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of defendant completing Veterans Treatment Court. (See <a href="#">Diversion Program</a> for detail)</p> <p><b>Warrant Quashed/Recalled:</b> Nolle Prosecution as result of motion to quash a warrant filed.</p>		
<b>Charge_ID</b>	Internal unique identifier for each charge filed		Number	Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Charge_Offense_Title</b>	Formal charge title against the defendant	Indicates the title of the offense a defendant is charged with at the start of a case. As a case evolves, the charges against a defendant may change. See also <a href="#">Disposition Charged Offense Title</a> .	Text	Initiation; Dispositions
<b>Charge_Version_ID</b>	Internal unique identifier for each version of a charge associated with charges filed		Number	Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Class</b>	Legal class for the charge	<p>Indicates the class of the charge brought against a defendant at the start of a case. Felonies are classified, for the purpose of sentencing, as follows (in decreasing order of severity):</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. First degree murder (as a separate class of felony Class M)</li> <li>2. Class X felonies</li> <li>3. Class 1 felonies</li> <li>4. Class 2 felonies</li> <li>5. Class 3 felonies</li> <li>6. Class 4 felonies</li> </ol> <p>Misdemeanor are classified, for the purpose of sentencing, as follows (in decreasing order of severity);</p>	Text	Initiation





Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Class A Misdemeanor</li> <li>2. Class B Misdemeanor</li> <li>3. Class C Misdemeanor</li> </ol> <p>Misdemeanor class are recorded in CCSAO felony database mainly because:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Defendant commits misdemeanor while committing a felony;</li> <li>2. Felony charges were pled down to misdemeanor</li> </ol>		
<b>Diversion_Closed_Date</b>	Date of failing or graduating from diversion program	<p><b>Null:</b> There is no record of failing or graduating found; this includes participants whose program had not yet concluded.</p> <p>See also <a href="#">Diversion Result</a> to find out whether <a href="#">Diversion Closed Date</a> refers to the graduation date or failing date.</p>	Date	Diversion
<b>Commitment_Term</b>	The number associated with the sentence	Combine this column (for example, "6") with <a href="#">Commitment Unit</a> (for example, "weeks") to generate the length of sentence	Number	Sentencing
<b>Commitment_Type</b>	A more specific type of sentence issued	<p>Most Common Values Include:</p> <p><b>Conditional Discharge:</b> Conditional and revocable release without probationary supervision but with conditions imposed by the court.</p> <p><b>Cook County Boot Camp:</b> Correctional boot camp.</p> <p><b>Cook County Department of Corrections Intensive Drug Probation Services:</b> Type of probation.</p> <p><b>Intensive Probation Services:</b> Type of probation.</p> <p><b>Illinois Department of Corrections:</b> Incarceration.</p> <p><b>Mental Health Probation:</b> Type of probation.</p> <p><b>Probation:</b> Sentencing alternative allowing a convicted defendant to be released into the community. The individual sentenced to probation is</p>	Text	Sentencing



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p>given provisional freedom based on the compliance with conditions set by the court. Failure to comply with these conditions can result in incarceration.</p> <p><b>710/410 Probation:</b> 710/410 probation is a type of probation for first offenders. It is not a conviction; if the terms of probation are fulfilled satisfactorily no judgment is entered and the defendant is discharged.</p> <p><b>Null:</b> Sentencing information is missing, the case has not yet reached the sentencing stage, or the defendant was not convicted of a charge.</p>		
<b>Commitment_Unit</b>	Unit of sentence length	Combine this column (for example, “weeks”) with <a href="#">Commitment Term</a> (for example, “6”) to determine the length of sentence.	Text	Sentencing
<b>Current_Sentence_Flag</b>	Binary flag representing current sentence	<p><b>1:</b> Current sentence</p> <p><b>0:</b> Non-current sentence</p>	Number	Sentencing
<b>Disposition_Charged_Act</b>	Legal act for the charge at disposition	<p>As a case evolves, the charge(s) brought against a defendant may change.</p> <p>Together, the columns <a href="#">Disposition Charged Chapter</a>, <a href="#">Disposition_Charged_Act</a>, and <a href="#">Disposition Charged Section</a> reference the Illinois criminal statute of the ultimate charge(s) brought against a defendant. For more information: <a href="http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp">http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp</a></p>	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Disposition_Charged_AOIC</b>	Administrative Office of the Illinois Courts ID for law of the charge at disposition		Text	Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Disposition_Charged_Chapter</b>	Legal Chapter for the charge at disposition	<p>As a case evolves, the charge(s) brought against a defendant may change. Together, the columns <a href="#">Disposition_Charged_Chapter</a>, <a href="#">Disposition Charged Act</a>, and <a href="#">Disposition Charged Section</a> reference the Illinois criminal statute of the ultimate charge(s) brought against a</p>	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		defendant. For more information: <a href="http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp">http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp</a>		
<b>Disposition_Charged_Class</b>	Legal class for the charge at disposition	Indicates the ultimate class of the charge at disposition. Felonies are classified, for the purpose of sentencing, as follows (in decreasing order of severity): <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. First degree murder (as a separate class of felony Class M)</li> <li>2. Class X felonies</li> <li>3. Class 1 felonies</li> <li>4. Class 2 felonies</li> <li>5. Class 3 felonies</li> <li>6. Class 4 felonies</li> </ol> Misdemeanor are classified, for the purpose of sentencing, as follows (in decreasing order of severity); <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>4. Class A Misdemeanor</li> <li>5. Class B Misdemeanor</li> <li>6. Class C Misdemeanor</li> </ol> Misdemeanor class are recorded in CCSAO felony database mainly because: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Defendant commits misdemeanor while committing a felony;</li> <li>4. Felony charges were pled down to misdemeanor</li> </ol>	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Disposition_Charged_Offense_Title</b>	Specific title of the charged offense at disposition	Indicates the ultimate offense a defendant is charged with at disposition of the case. See also <a href="#">Charge Offense Title</a> .	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Disposition_Charged_Section</b>	Legal section for the charge at disposition	As a case evolves, the charge(s) brought against a defendant may change. Together, the columns <a href="#">Disposition_Charged_Chapter</a> , <a href="#">Disposition_Charged_Act</a> , and <b>Disposition_Charged_Section</b> reference the Illinois criminal statute of the ultimate charge(s) brought against a defendant. For more information: <a href="http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp">http://www.ilga.gov/legislation/ilcs/ilcs.asp</a>	Text	Dispositions; Sentencing



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
<b>Disposition_Court_Facility</b>	Courthouse in which the charge was disposed	In <b>District 1 – Chicago</b> , there are three main courthouses: Richard J. Daley Center Courthouse; Domestic Violence Court; George N. Leighton Criminal Court Building In <b>Districts 2-6</b> , each district has its one courthouse.	Text	Dispositions
<b>Disposition_Court_Name</b>	Circuit Court District in which the charge was disposed	<b>District 1 – Chicago</b> <b>District 2 – Skokie</b> <b>District 3 – Rolling Meadows</b> <b>District 4 – Maywood</b> <b>District 5 – Bridgeview</b> <b>District 6 – Markham</b>	Text	Dispositions
<b>Disposition_Date</b>	Date charge disposed		Date	Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Diversion_Count</b>	Number of diversion programs one defendant was referred to	One defendant may be referred to different programs as a case proceeds.	Number	Diversion
<b>Diversion_Program</b>	Diversion program the defendant was referred to	<b>ACT: Access to Community Treatment.</b> Eighteen months of intensive probation consisting of court-supervision and access to community-based treatment and staff. The program treats defendants' criminogenic and behavioral health needs in a community setting. <i>(Post-Plea)</i> <b>ARI: Adult Redeploy Illinois Court.</b> ARI offered cognitive-behavioral and trauma therapy services and served as a liaison connecting defendants to a variety of service providers. (Ended in 2018) <i>(Post-Plea)</i> <b>BR9: Felony Deferred Prosecution Program (Branch 9).</b> A twelve-month program focusing on linking defendants to education, employment, community service, and treatment. <i>(Pre-Plea)</i>	Text	Diversion



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p><b>DC: Drug Treatment Court.</b> Twenty-four months of treatment-based probation focusing on connecting defendants with housing and employment opportunities. <i>(Post-Plea)</i></p> <p><b>DDPP: Drug Deferred Prosecution Program.</b> Links low-level, non-violent drug offenders to community-based services and includes a formal substance abuse assessment. <i>(Pre-Plea)</i></p> <p><b>DS: Drug School.</b> Four 2-and-a-half-hour lessons provided by licensed treatment providers with a focus on substance abuse and education, not treatment. (Ended in 2017) <i>(Post-Plea)</i></p> <p><b>RJCC: Restorative Justice Community Court.</b> Community court located in North Lawndale that practices restorative justice, a system of criminal justice which focuses on the rehabilitation of offenders through reconciliation with victims and the community at large. For a case to be eligible for RJCC, the victim of the crime must agree to participate in the process. <i>(Pre-Plea)</i></p> <p><b>MHC: Mental Health Treatment Court.</b> Twenty-four months of intensive probation focusing on treatment, housing, psychiatric stability, and employment services. <i>(Post-Plea)</i></p> <p><b>VC: Veterans Treatment Court.</b> Twenty-four months of probation focusing on employment, housing, and any necessary treatment. <i>(Post Plea)</i></p>		
<b>Diversion_Result</b>	Result of diversion program	<p>Values include:</p> <p><b>Graduated:</b> Defendant graduated from diversion program.</p> <p><b>Failed:</b> Defendant failed diversion program.</p> <p><b>Null:</b> No record of defendant failing or graduating found; this includes participants whose programs have not yet concluded.</p>	Text	Diversion



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
Event	Manner in which charge was formally filed	<p><b>Direct Indictment:</b> The Grand Jury hears evidence presented by the State and determines if a bill of indictment (“true bill”) should be issued. This bill of indictment is one of the formal methods of charging a defendant with a felony offense.</p> <p><b>Grand Jury:</b> The Grand Jury hears evidence presented by the State and determines if a bill of indictment or “true bill” should be issued. This bill of indictment is one of the formal methods of charging a defendant with a felony offense.</p> <p><b>Indictment:</b> The Grand Jury hears evidence presented by the State and determines if a bill of indictment or “true bill” should be issued. This bill of indictment is one of the formal methods of charging a defendant with a felony offense.</p> <p><b>Preliminary Hearing:</b> The preliminary hearing is a court date at which the prosecution has the burden of showing that there is probable cause to believe that a felony offense has occurred and that the defendant has committed the felony.</p> <p><b>Re-Indictment:</b> Reindictment can occur when additional information not known at the time of the original indictment is determined to exist by the prosecution. In that instance the new information is presented to the Grand Jury and if a true bill is rendered the new and additional charges supersede or replace the original indictment.</p>	Text	Initiation
Event_Date	Date charge was formally filed		Date	Initiation
Felony_Review_Date	Date Felony Review result was reached		Date	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
Felony_Review_Result	Result of the Felony Review process	<b>(Most Common Values)</b>	Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions;



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
		<p><b>Approved:</b> Felony charges are approved.</p> <p><b>Charge(S) Approved:</b> Felony charges are approved.</p> <p><b>Rejected:</b> Felony charges are rejected. Police may have the option of charging the suspect with a misdemeanor offense if appropriate.</p> <p><b>Disregard:</b> Felony charges are rejected. Police may have the option of charging the suspect with a misdemeanor offense if appropriate.</p> <p><b>Continued Investigation:</b> Police are instructed to continue the investigation. After further investigation, the police may again contact a prosecutor for approval of felony charges.</p> <p><b>Null:</b> No result was recorded; Typically associated with a direct-file narcotics case or cases directly indicted by grand jury.</p>		Sentencing
<b>Finding No Probable Cause</b>	Result of the preliminary examination (preliminary hearing)	<p>During the preliminary examination (preliminary hearing), a judge determines whether there is probable cause to believe that the defendant committed a felony offense. A "finding of no probable cause" means that a judge did not believe that there was probable cause for the matter to continue further.</p> <p><b>1:</b> A case was disposed of at the preliminary examination stage as "finding of no probable cause" and no further action was pursued on this case. Technically, a case can be proceeded with an indictment after "finding of no probable cause", however, this will not be flagged in this data field.</p> <p><b>NULL:</b> There is no record indicating that "finding of no probable cause" is the final disposition of the case.</p>	Number	Initiation
<b>Gender</b>	Gender of defendant reported by law		Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing;



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
	enforcement or self-reported			Diversion
<b>Incident_Begin_Date</b>	Date offense occurred/began	See also <a href="#">Incident End Date</a> ,	Date	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Incident_City</b>	The city where the offense took place		Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Incident_End_Date</b>	Date offense ended	See also <a href="#">Incident Begin Date</a> . If <b>Incident_End_Date</b> is blank, the criminal incident did not occur more than one day.	Date	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Judge</b>	Judge who oversaw the case		Text	Disposition
<b>Law_Enforcement_Agency</b>	Law Enforcement agency associated with the arrest	CHICAGO PD and COOK COUNTY SHERIFF are the two most common values for this field; dozens of smaller jurisdictions can also be found.	Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Law_Enforcement_Unit</b>	Law Enforcement Unit within Chicago Police Department associated with the arrest	<p><b>Top 3 Common Law Enforcement Unit <u>Format</u>:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• District 11 – Harrison;</li> <li>• UNIT 610 - DETECTIVE SECTION – CENTRAL;</li> <li>• UNIT 935 - PATROL AREA 5</li> </ul> <p>Chicago Police Department can be divided into 25 districts or three broad areas (Central, North and South)  <a href="#">CPD district and area information</a></p>	Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Length_Of_Case_In_Days</b>	Number of days between a charge being arraigned and a charge being sentenced		Number	Sentencing





Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
<b>Offense_Category</b>	Broad offense category before specific charges are filed on a case	<p><b>Top 3 Felony Category:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Aggravated DUI</li> <li>• Narcotics;</li> <li>• UUW – Unlawful Use of Weapon;</li> </ul> <p>As a case evolves, the charge(s) brought against a defendant may change. See <a href="#">Updated Offense Category</a> for the ultimate category of the disposed charge.</p>	Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing; Diversion
<b>Primary_Charge_Flag</b>	A binary flag indicating whether this row records the most severe charge against the accused	<p><b>1:</b> This row is the primary charge.</p> <p><b>0:</b> This row is not the primary charge.</p> <p>Note: a case is usually referred to by its primary charge.</p>	Number	Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing
<b>Participant_Status</b>	Status of a case brought against a person. This status does not necessarily come from Felony Review.		Text	Intake
<b>Race</b>	Race of defendant reported by law enforcement or self-reported		Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing; Diversion
<b>Received_Date</b>	Date when FRU received the case	<a href="#">Received Date</a> typically reflects the first time the State’s Attorney touched a case. <a href="#">Received Date</a> is not necessarily equal to the <a href="#">Felony Review Date</a> when a determination on whether to press charges is reached.	Date	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing; Diversion
<b>Referral_Date</b>	Date when a defendant was		Date	Diversion



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
	referred to diversion program			
<b>Section</b>	Legal section for the charge	Together, the columns <b>Chapter</b> , <b>Act</b> , and <b>Section</b> reference <a href="#">the Illinois criminal statute</a> .	Text	Initiation
<b>Sentence_Court_Facility</b>	Courthouse in which the sentence was determined	In <b>District 1 – Chicago</b> , there are three main courthouses: Richard J. Daley Center Courthouse; Domestic Violence Court; George N. Leighton Criminal Court Building In <b>Districts 2-6</b> , each district has its one courthouse.	Text	Sentencing
<b>Sentence_Court_Name</b>	Circuit Court District in which the sentence was determined	<b>District 1 – Chicago</b> <b>District 2 – Skokie</b> <b>District 3 – Rolling Meadows</b> <b>District 4 – Maywood</b> <b>District 5 – Bridgeview</b> <b>District 6 – Markham</b>	Text	Sentencing
<b>Sentence_Date</b>	Date of when the charge was sentenced		Date	Sentencing
<b>Sentence_Judge</b>	Judge who oversaw the sentencing		Text	Sentencing
<b>Sentence_Phase</b>	When this version of the sentence was created	<b>Original Sentencing:</b> The original decision at the sentencing hearing. <b>Probation Violation Sentencing:</b> This sentencing was triggered by a violation of probation conditions. <b>Resentenced/Amended/Corrected Sentencing/Remanded Sentencing:</b> Cases can be resentenced for a variety of reasons including, sentence of Department of Corrections on a violation of probation or a higher court ordering a new sentencing based on a change in the law or error by a lower court.	Text	Sentencing
<b>Sentence_Type</b>	Broad type of sentence issued		Text	Sentencing



Column Name	Definition	Values/Notes	Value Type	Datasets
<b>Statute</b>	Legal statute for the charge (Consisted of <b>Chapter, Act, Section</b> )	<a href="#">Statute</a>	Text	Diversion
<b>Primary_Charge_Offense_Title</b>	Most severe charge defendant is faced with and usually the way the case is referred to		Text	Diversion
<b>Updated_Offense_Category</b>	Offense category for the case updated based upon the primary charge.	It can differ from the first offense category assigned to the case in part because cases evolve.	Text	Intake; Initiation; Dispositions; Sentencing

